

Year 9 Module 2 - Mi tiempo libre - Gramática

Talking about what you usually do- 'soler'

To say what you usually do in Spanish, you can use the verb 'soler' followed by an infinitive (-ar/ -er/ -ir).

Suelo comer en la cantina

I usually eat in the canteen

Sueles jugar al fútbol

You (sing.) usually play football

Suele ver la television

He/ she usually watches the television

Solemos escuchar música

We usually listen to music

Soléis ir al cine

You (pl.) usually go to the cinema

Suelen cocinar

They usually cook

Pronouns

Yó	<i>I</i>
Tú	<i>You (singular – refers to one person who is a friend)</i>
Él	<i>He</i>
Ella	<i>She</i>
Nosotros	<i>We (m.pl.) or a group including at least one male</i>
Nosotras	<i>We (f. pl.)</i>
Vosotros	<i>You (m.pl.) or a group including at least one male</i>
Vosotras	<i>You (f.pl.)</i>
Ellos	<i>They (m.)</i>
Ellas	<i>They (f.)</i>

Present tense : Regular verbs

Pronoun	ar verbs hablar - to speak	er verbs comer – to eat	ir verbs vivir – to live
Yó-I	hablo	como	vivo
Tú - You	hablas	comes	vives
Él/Ella- He/She	habla	come	vive
Nosotros/-as <i>We</i>	hablamos	comemos	vivimos
Vosotros/- as <i>You</i>	habláis	coméis	vivís
Ellos /Ellas <i>They</i>	hablan	comen	viven

Note: in Spanish you **do not have to use the pronouns** with verbs unless it is not clear who is doing the action.

Eg. Como los bocadillos

I eat sandwiches

El habla con sus amigos

He speaks with his friends



Present tense : Irregular verbs		
Pronoun	Jugar- to play	Hacer- to do/ make
Yó- <i>I</i>	juego	hago
Tú - <i>You</i>	juegas	haces
Él/Ella- <i>He/She</i>	juega	hace
Nosotros/-as <i>We</i>	jugamos	hacemos
Vosotros/- as <i>You</i>	jugáis	hacéis
Ellos /Ellas <i>They</i>	juegan	hacen
Note: <i>'Jugar'</i> is for ball-sports and <i>'hacer'</i> is for non-ball sports <i>Eg. Juego al tenis (ball sport)</i> <i>Hago equitación (non-ball sport)</i>		

Negatives
In Spanish, we use negatives to say 'not' or 'never'.
The simplest negative is ' no ' meaning not. This goes before the verb. E.g. No me gusta leer I do not like to read
Other negative expressions, like ' nunca ' meaning 'never' can go in two places: Either side of the verb to form a 'sandwich' E.g. No hago nunca mis deberes <i>I never do my homework</i>
In front of the verb, without the 'no' Nunca hago mis deberes

Giving your opinión
In Spanish, to give your opinion you can use verbs like ' gustar ' meaning 'to like'.
Me gusta el teatro <i>I like the theatre</i>
Note: But when something is plural (more than one), you have to change the 'me gusta' to ' me gustan '
Me gustan los libros <i>I like book</i>
Note: You can also use these followed by infinitives (-ar/ -er/ -ir)
Me gusta leer <i>I like to read</i>

à + indefinite article				
	Masc. Sing. (el)	Fem. Sing. (la)	Masc. Pl. (los)	Fem. Pl. (las)
<i>a</i>	<i>al</i>	<i>a la</i>	<i>a los</i>	<i>a las</i>
The verb 'jugar' is always followed by an 'a' Eg. Juego al baloncesto				

